

THOUSANDS of people visited Lake View Cemetery, at Cleveland, last Sunday, to see the vault and new casket containing President Garfield's remains. The pavilion in the park where the body lay is still thronged night and day. All the railways centering in Cleveland run special trains daily to accommodate the multitudes still desirous of seeing what is left of the surroundings of the body at the obsequies.

The grain receipts at New Orleans have been unusually light this year. The low rates by lake and rail to the east have had a perceptible influence in diverting traffic from the Mississippi route. But just owing to the high prices of corn, wheat, etc., business has been rather low. During the fourteen weeks of the railroad war the total seasonal receipts have declined from 99,500,000 bushels in 1890 to 88,700,000 this year.

CHICAGO elevators, as per official returns, contain 3,499,942 bushels of wheat, 9,949,687 bushels of corn, 328,200 bushels of oats, 337,438 bushels of rye, and 159,043 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 13,806,495 bushels, against 12,832,512 bushels a week ago, and 8,701,582 bushels at this period last year.

Milwaukee warehouses are stored with 316,435 bushels of wheat, 5,137 bushels of corn, 6,331 bushels of oats, 68,132 bushels of rye and 215,556 bushels of barley.

New York and Brooklyn warehouses contain 5,073,000 bushels of wheat, 6,378,000 bushels of corn, 2,307,000 bushels of oats, 46,000 bushels of rye, and 16,000 bushels of barley.

Grain in sight in the states and Canada on the 1st instant: Wheat 19,494,000 bushels, corn 27,382,000 bushels, oats 4,668,000 bushels, rye 902,000 bushels, barley 1,393,000 bushels.

Exports from seaboard ports during last week: Flour 31,922 barrels, wheat 1,033,458 bushels, corn 871,434 bushels, oats 2,254 bushels, rye 4,100 bushels, pork 4,975 barrels, lard 5,201,310 pounds, bacon 8,201,801 pounds.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR'S magnificence as a political leader is clearly visible in the settlement of the Republican troubles in New York. He has always been the arbiter of Senator Conkling's lieutenant, and the peaceful solution of what at one time threatened a hopeless disruption of the party is one of the brilliant results of President Arthur's untiring efforts to settle up his private business affairs in New York. Philadelphia Times.

SYCAMORE, ILL., Oct. 11.—Dr. Lake Hiltchew was in the chair at the opening of the Rock River conference this morning.

Reports came in from committees on Sunday schools, tracts and periodicals, and on the observance of the Sabbath. The latter was a very strong report. The report on the freedman called out Rev. J. C. Hartwell, the general agent of that cause, and he was happy to congratulate the conference on carrying the banner in all the fall conferences in collection, the total being \$3,269.76—a net gain of \$1,483.63. Dr. Hiltchew also made some strong remarks touching the work.

Brother Boring was introduced, and had a pleasant task to perform in presenting Elder W. C. Willing a receipt, said to be for a set of Lange's Commentaries in sheep.

Dr. C. H. Fowler read the report of the committee on the trial of H. W. Thomas as follows:

"The select number in the case of a matter against Hiram W. Thomas, an elder in the Methodist Episcopal Church and a member of the Rock River Conference, respectfully submit the following report: That the first specification is not sustained; that the third specification is sustained; that the first charge is sustained; that the second charge is sustained; and that Hiram W. Thomas be, and hereby is, expelled from the ministry and membership of the Methodist Episcopal Church. (Signed) 'C. H. FOWLER, Chm.' 'W. H. HART, Secy.'"

Dr. Agnew is stamped again, says the Chicago Times. With all his medical learning he is unable to make a correct diagnosis, and so confesses himself. In an address to his students he says: "It has always remained to me an unsolvable paradox that a profession whose members do so much to relieve human suffering in all walks of life, and are so willing to sacrifice for the benefit of others; a profession whose members unobtrusively devote one-fourth of their lives to the gratuitous dispensing of their services, and so few of whom accumulate a competency of this world's goods sufficient to keep the wolf from the door, or, at best, to remove the anxiety of declining years—I say it is puzzling to explain, in the face of such a record, why so little sympathy exists between the physician and the public." One reason is that there are so many charlatans in the profession; another is that while there is much in medicine and surgery that will relieve suffering mankind, human ailments are so many and various, their causes often so obscure that while unwilling to confess ignorance of the real cause, in many cases physicians apply the wrong remedy, and people are conscious that no good results come about. In the minds of many persons the physician is part and parcel in their recollection of a dangerous illness. His bills, too, are paid regretfully, and on the whole he's about as uncomfortable a person to have around as a parson.

Talmage on the Pistol
Talmage has said many good things, but few more applicable to an existing evil than the following:
Another practical use of this great national calamity is that it has disgusted more than ever people with this free use of firearms. On the frontier, or if it is your business as an officer of the law to make the arrest of a desperado, you had better be armed, but it is high time that all respectable citizens snap in two their sword canes and unload their deadly weapons. If you move in respectable society in Brooklyn, or New York, or Washington, or London, you have no need of any more weapons than the two God gave you—two honest fists, and they are easily loaded. If you feel the need of having a pistol in your pocket you are a miserable coward. If you are afraid to go down street unarmed you had better get your grand-mother with her knitting needles to go with you. A pistol is the meanest and most infernal weapon ever invented. It is the weapon of a sneak. I would as soon carry a toad in my vest pocket.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 11.—A Little Rock special says: The trio of train robbers—Cox, Delaney and Monroe—were placed in the penitentiary last evening. They are in good spirits, and take the sentence coolly. All of them appear like average country boys. Cox and Monroe are printers, having worked in a printing office at San Augustine, Tex., prior to the robbery. Delaney, in an interview, relates the story of the robbery, in substance, thus: "We are all poor boys, and live at San Augustine. We have good relatives there, and hope that they will never hear of our disgrace. All of us were in love, and the girls loved us. We had no money and did not see how we could support them if we married. We were determined to get married, and so laid our plans to get money. We read about the James boys in the papers and books, and saw how easy it was to rob a train and get away, and we decided to rob a train. We left home three weeks ago yesterday, coming direct to Arkansas. After robbing the train we did not think we would be pursued. We were going back home with our money to marry our girls and settle down. We had no accomplices, and we planned the whole thing ourselves. We only got \$8,000, or \$9,000 in cash from the express company, the balance being in bank checks. Monroe and I kept the bulk of this, and all of it, with the exception of a few dollars, was stolen by the men who captured us, and I hope they will be sent here to keep us company. I am sorry we failed to get away; but we acted like a parcel of fools after we got the money, and so we have no one to blame but ourselves."

C. C. Moore, one of the men who captured Monroe and Delaney, says the report of the captors robbing the robbers is untrue. He further says that the money was divided for safety, each officer agreeing to take a proportionate sum, and that they have already delivered to the express company \$7,250 of the money they took from the robbers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—It is understood Gaithe will be arraigned to-morrow for trial. District Attorney Corkhill said to-night that the arraignment of Gaithe would probably not take place this week, certainly not to-morrow. United States Deputy Marshal Williams served the customary legal notice of indictment, together with the list of witnesses for the prosecution, upon Gaithe at the jail this afternoon. The prisoner is entitled to two days time after receiving this notice in which to prepare for arraignment. It is the intention of the district attorney to afford him and his counsel ample time to prepare, so that there need be no unnecessary delay in prosecuting witnesses after the trial has commenced, and for this reason he has decided not to hasten the arraignment.

Call at Buchanan's, south side city park, for the best and cheapest furniture in the city—a bargain in every article. Oct 10-dwtf
Moody's Abdominal Corsets, Bortree's Dr. Warner's, Glove Fitting, and all the best American and French Corsets, at lower prices than you can find them anywhere else, at LINS & SCHAUBER. 8-4dw1w

TELEGRAPHIC

OHIO AND IOWA.

Both States Gone Republican, as Usual.

Gov. Foster's Majority 15,000

News from Washington and Other Points.

Special Telegram
INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 12, 2 p. m.—Charles Porter elected Governor of Ohio. His majority is now placed at 15,000, with both branches of the legislature Republican.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 11.—The election is quiet, and the weather fair. The vote is light, but the carriages are out everywhere. Both predominant parties are active in rallying voters, and the temperance party is working energetically.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 11.—At 3 to-day half to two-thirds of the vote of the city has not been cast. It is known a heavy vote was polled between 3 and 6 p. m. This, however, will not bring the local vote up to 1881.

Forty-four townships show a net Democratic gain of 85. Total temperance vote, 247. At the same rate the temperance vote will be about 10,000. Comparisons are based on the October election, 1880, for secretary of state.

10:10 p. m.—One hundred and sixty wards and precincts show a net Democratic gain of 273. There are 2,232 wards and precincts in the state. At that rate Bookwalter will gain in the state less than 4,000, which would leave Foster's majority 15,000.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 11.—Geo. K. Nash, chairman of the republican state committee, declines to claim anything yet except that the Republicans have carried the state. Clark Irvine, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, says the indications now are that Foster's plurality will be about 8,000, and the legislature will depend upon the result in Cincinnati and Hamilton county.

1:30 a. m.—Five hundred and forty-three wards and precincts show a net Democratic gain of 1,139. This ratio throughout the state will give Foster over 14,000 plurality. The Republicans claim three or four doubtful members of the legislature, and one, if not both, branches of that body. A very large Republican gain was made at the Soldiers' Home at Dayton.

TOLEDO, Oct. 11.—The amount of scratching is remarkable. On the county ticket the Democrats and Nationals combined against the Republicans. Fourteen precincts give Foster 163 majority, a loss of 308. The Democrats claim the election of the entire county ticket, but the Republicans do not concede it. There is little doubt that the representatives are both Republicans.

This senatorial district is in doubt, with a probability of one Republican and one Democrat.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 11.—Returns have been received from the head of the ticket in Hamilton county from 15 of the 95 precincts. Three of these show a Republican gain of 245. From this it is estimated that Foster will have a majority of 2,300 in the county. If this is reached there is a probability that the Republican legislative ticket may be elected.

DES MOINES, Oct. 11.—The total poll of Iowa last year was 321,000. Partial reports from nine counties indicate there will be a falling off probably of 60,000. In this city only 3,162 votes were polled, a falling off of over 300 since last year. The tickets are badly scratched, and will take nearly all night to count them. It has rained all day here, and is reported general throughout the state. The indications are that not two-thirds of the vote has been cast. Hard storms and high winds are now prevailing, and probably will prevent getting many returns to night, especially as in this state none of the ballots are counted until after the polls are closed.

MARSHALSTOWN, IA., Oct. 11.—The vote is very light. No returns yet of the city. The indications are that the Democrats have elected J. M. Gilchrist, county supervisor. All Republicans will receive the usual majorities.

DE MOINES, Oct. 11.—Returns come in slowly, owing to the storm. The State Register has partial returns from nineteen counties, which show a falling off of 25 per cent. of the total vote. The parties sustain about an equal relative loss. These returns are mainly from scattering townships. Only two counties are reported with any general returns. One of them, Webster, is represented as electing Wright, Republican, to the legislature, the first Republican since 1869. Jasper reports the whole Republican ticket elected. The legislature two years ago elected 81 Republicans to 19 Democrats in the house, and 41 Republicans to 9 Democrats in the senate. The indications are that the Republicans will lose three or four members of the house this year, and hold their own in the senate, with a probability of gaining one or two. This would give the Republicans some 90 majority in the legislature. The Republican state committee estimate at that hour the Republican state majority over the Democrats will be 50,000, over all 33,000.

The Greenbacks seem to have held their own, despite contrary expectations. Returns from Bloomfield township,

Polk county, on the state ticket, give the Republicans 62, Democrats 29, Clark 28. Delaware township—Sherman 56, Kinne 25, Clark 56. Webster township—Sherman 47, Kinne 29, Clark 9. Halley township—Sherman 65, Kinne 22, Clark 29. Three townships in Webster county give 195 for Sherman, 121 for Kinne. The vote of Demolins is not yet counted. Nothing further outside is received. It is now 11 p. m.

Dubuque, Oct. 11.—Returns are very meagre, showing a light vote throughout all the northern towns. Only fourteen towns are heard from, but all, with the exception of Clayton county, give Republican majorities which hold their own when the light vote is considered. In this county the Democratic state ticket, so far as heard from, has a majority of 913, with five Democratic townships to hear from. Graves, anti-amendment Republican, is elected state senator by a majority estimated at 1,200. Three Democratic representatives are elected. Waters, Republican, for county treasurer, is probably elected, with a fair chance for Schloth, Republican, for sheriff.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Immediately after reading the journal, Mr. Edmunds, rising to a question of the highest privilege, moved that the oath be administered to Nelson W. Aldrich, senator elect from Rhode Island. There being no objection, the motion was agreed to, and Mr. Aldrich was sworn in. Mr. Edmunds then made a similar motion in the cases of the senators-elect from New York.

Mr. McPherson interposed, and stated that he desired to present a petition, pending that motion. He held in his hands a communication from certain members of the New York legislature, alleging certain reasons why Messrs. Lapham and Miller were not entitled to seats in the senate. With regard to these allegations he knew nothing. He did not present the petition with any desire to delay action upon the administration of the oath. He offered the petition, and would refer it at the proper time to the appropriate committee.

Mr. Edmunds said that as the petition referred to the propriety of swearing in the new senators from New York he would not object to its reception at the present time.

The petition was received and laid upon the table, and the oath of office administered to the senators from New York.

A committee, consisting of Messrs. Pendleton and Anthony, was appointed by the presiding officer to wait upon the President and inform him that the senate was ready to receive any communication he might be pleased to send them.

A recess for half an hour was taken. After recess, Mr. Edmunds offered a resolution declaring that the standing committees of the senate, as they were constituted at the close of the last session of the senate, be continued for the present session, and authorizing the president pro tem. to fill any vacancies which may exist therein.

Mr. Harris asked that the resolution lie over one day under the rules. So ordered.

The committee to wait upon the President reported it had performed its duty, and that the President had stated he would communicate in writing with the senate to-morrow.

Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The Democrats talked more or less in caucus this morning about the secretary of the senate, but they will not enter upon an election unless they are confident of their ability to elect. Senator Saunders said this morning that the Republicans would not bother with the election of secretary at this session, as they want to adjourn as soon as possible. He said the Republicans had been willing to concede the secretary to the Democrats, but claimed the president pro tem.; that the Democrats had taken on the president, and, to be consistent, possibly the Republicans, having accorded to them the secretary, would let them elect their man.

President Arthur has notified Republican senators that he will not for the present make any nominations except to fill vacancies of minor importance. He said to-day he did not think the senate session would last ten days, and if this proves correct, he will not, under the tenure of office act be required to make his nominations at this session, and he will take until the regular session to consider all but the nominations to fill small places.

The impression among Republican senators is that a new cabinet will be made up completely when Secretary Windom retires. Even western senators admit that the treasury portfolio will go to New York.

Sensor Logan says there is no truth in the report that he will nominate Davis, of Illinois, for president of the senate, to displace Bayard. Mr. Logan intimated that he might vote for Davis if somebody else would nominate him. The Democratic senators met in caucus at 2 p. m. to discuss the situation and arrange upon a plan of action respecting the appointment of committees and the election of a secretary.

It is pretty certain that attempt will ever be made to question the right of Senator Miller, of New York, to his seat on the protest of certain New York Democrats, presented by McPherson to-day. The Democratic senators are generally satisfied that Miller's election was regular and fair, and that no law can be found in it. The protest will be carried next winter to the committee on elections, and will there remain probably.

The uncertainty of how Senator Davis, of Illinois, will vote makes the Democrats hesitate, also about the election of a secretary. If they were sure

of his vote, they would no doubt press the election right away.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11.—The position of David Davis will continue independent. He will not vote to displace Bayard, nor will he refrain from voting in order to show it. He will not consent to be elected President of the Senate by either party. This will not be his attitude during this session, but he will doubtless vote for the Republican at the regular session in December.

There is still an idea abroad that Republicans are bent on changing the President pro tem. by the election of Davis or Anthony. For Davis they are sure of a vote, but for Anthony that vote is doubtful. A change to Davis would be taken, in some Republican opinions, merely for malice, while that for Anthony would be a matter of principle. Both sides are not a little annoyed at the Illinois Senator's equivocal position. Democrats don't think Davis will vote to overturn one man just for the sake of putting in another, unless that other is himself. The refusal of Davis yesterday to vote for Anthony in preference to Bayard would seem to bear this out. There is a good deal of mysterious talking back and forth from Davis back to the Republican side, and this gives rise to many foolish rumors. The probability seems that Mr. Bayard will step down and out with the first clear Republican opportunity. The Republicans propose that the committee shall remain as they were last session, giving the President the privilege of filling vacancies. Office-seeking has set in as lively as after the inauguration of Garfield. An entire new Cabinet is numbered among the possibilities of the week, as a break will soon be made by the leaving of Secretary Windom and Attorney General MacVeagh. It is believed a whole "sate" will be sent in with the names of their successors. Whose these will be is mere guess work, which can be indulged in by anybody.

A delegation of Indianapolis are here pressing the claims of that state, as they did when Garfield came in. Tennessee is in the field and Illinois wants something. Wisconsin is urging ex-Senator Howe for the Attorney Generalship, and some New Yorkers want Folger in the Treasury. Brewster, of Pennsylvania, is considered in the lead for MacVeagh's place.

St. Louis Bear
Anthony & Kuhn's celebrated St. Louis Lager Beer delivered to any part of the city in large or small kegs, by J. B. CAMPBELL, Agent.

July 30-dtf

Petition to Sell Real Estate.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.
Macon County, ss.
In the County Court, November Term, A. D. 1891.

John K. Warren, administrator of the estate of Henry B. Durfee, deceased petitioner, vs. Lucetta B. Durfee, Harry B. Durfee, Nellie Durfee, Frank E. Durfee, Fred. J. Durfee, Maude Durfee, Joseph Durfee and Charles M. Durfee—Petition for an order to sell real estate.

AN AFFIDAVIT HAVING BEEN FILED by the petitioner in the office of the clerk of said court, showing that said defendant Frank E. Durfee resides out of this state, and that the place of his residence is in the town of Atchison county, State of Missouri, notice is therefore hereby given to said Frank E. Durfee that the said Henry B. Durfee has filed his petition in said court praying for an order to sell the following described real estate, situated in the county of Macon, and State of Illinois, to-wit: The north half of lot No. six, in block No. four, of Durfee & King's Addition to the city of Decatur; and the following lands, situated in the county of Field, in said State, to-wit: Lots Nos. 1 and two, in block No. 1, and lots Nos. four, seven, eight and nine, in block seven; lots one and two, in block eight; lot nine, in block eleven; lots one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, in block twelve; lots one, two, three, four, five and six, in block thirteen; lots one, two, three, four, five and six, in block fifteen; lots one, two, three and four, in block eighteen; lot five, in block twenty-three; and lots three, seven, eight and ten, in block twenty-four—all in the original town of Cerro Gordo, in said county of Field, in said State of Illinois.

Also, lots Nos. nine, twelve, the west half of thirteen, twenty-three, thirty-five, thirty-six and thirty-seven, all in Durfee & Wait's Addition to the said town of Cerro Gordo.

Also, lots one, two, three, seven, ten, thirteen and fifteen, in Durfee's South Addition to said town of Cerro Gordo. Also, that part of lot No. one, in the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty-four, in town twenty-seven, north, range four east of the third P. M., lying north of the north line of lot No. eighteen, in said town of Cerro Gordo, produced to the east line of said lot one, to pay the debts and claims against the estate of said Henry B. Durfee, and that, assuming in said cause will be returnable at the November term of said court, to be held at the court house, in Decatur, in said county, on Monday, the twenty-first day of November, 1891. Now, unless you, the said Frank E. Durfee, shall appear before said court on the day and date therein specified and plead answer or demurrer to said petition, the allegations therein contained will be taken as confessed by you and an order entered in accordance with the prayer of said petition.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 10th day of October, A. D. 1891.

H. W. WAGGONER, Clerk of the County Court.

Oct 10-dwtf

FURNITURE!

MATTRESSES, PILLOWS

PARLOR SUITES,

BED-ROOM SETS,

DINING-ROOM FURNITURE,

LOOKING GLASSES,

QUEENSWARE,

GLASSWARE,

LAMPS,

HULL'S VAPOR STOVES

The Best Summer Stove ever made:

The most desirable patterns:

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES

BASE BURNERS,

NEW STYLES:

In fact, almost everything you may want for House-keeping.

If you would secure Bargains in any goods I keep, please call at the Mammoth Stores of

R. LIDDLE,

Court House Block.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 17, 1891—dwtf

LADIES

Who do not wish any

DRY GOODS THIS FALL!

had better not come in our house; or if they have to come in, had better leave their pocket-books at home, for the

BIG STOCK OF PRETTY GOODS JUST IN

has already caused quite a commotion.

We saw a man's mother-in-law SMILE that had not smiled for five years, and all her friends thought "she'd never smile again." She had not looked at our Cheap Goods over two hours, either. They (the goods) "are too sweet to live."

F. L. HAYS & CO.

Oct. 10—dwtf

THE EVENT OF THE SEASON!

GRAND OPENING!

ELEGANT DISPLAY

DRY GOODS!

Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Ticks, Denims, Canton Flannels, Cheviots, Wool Flannels,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

HOSERY,

Corsets, Cloaks,

Dolmans, Circulars,

Blankets, Quilts,

Shawls, Skirts,

Crochet and Knit Goods,

Ladies' & Men's Underwear

GLOVES, LACES, EMBROIDERIES,

AND FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

In almost Unlimited Variety.

Men's Unlaundried Shirts and Men's Furnishing Goods of all kinds a Specialty.

For VARIETY, QUALITY and

EXCEEDING LOW PRICES,

our Stock is Unexcelled.

A Thorough Examination Respectfully Solicited.

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN SELLING FIGURES.

BIG 18 Cheap Store.

MERCHANT ST.
Oct. 6—dwtf

SOL MORITZ & CO.

OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.
MONDAY, OCT. 17th.

—ENGAGEMENT OF—

MR. FREDERICK WARDE!

—Supported by—

HENRY AVELING, Leonard S. Outran, Jas. B. Curran, O. W. Blake, W. S. Marion, Misses, Marion P. Clifton and FLORENCE E. BLOOM, and other artists of excellence, under the management of Mr. JOHN J. COLLINS, in the

—GRAND TRAGEDY—

"OTHELLO!"

The magnificent wardrobe worn by Mr. Warde and his Company during these representations, is from the celebrated costumier, S. W. Lawrey, of New York and Paris.

RESERVED SEATS, \$1.00.

Admission, 50 and 25 cents.

Reserved Seats for sale at Curtis & Co.'s on Oct 16th.

and after Thursday, Oct. 16th.

Oct 11—dwtf

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 12, 1891.

THE next invitation to be given on the Harmonic is

CALL for Schrock's Harmonic

FREEMAN BROWN, chest street, has a card in to-day's splendid line of every department, prices. Give them

FANCY calling of invitation writing, see, postman, at shop.

SECURE REMOVED tomorrow morning to the Fred Ward's columns.

GREAT BARGAINS, Tacklers, To, sheetings, at the Brown.

SAVE time by a subscription filled at store.

Get your ducats at the store form Strauss, Tuesday, Oct 10-dwtf

JAMES HOLLAND, his enlarged bar, prepared than a numerous patrons.

Oct 8-dwtf

BED COMPARTMENT usually low prices 12-4dw1w

TABLE LINENS, Tablecloths, Napkins, etc., at 10, 15 and cost.

Oct 10-dwtf

If you are tired, longed gripping yourself, stick is not good.

Cartier's Little Lids, easy it is to be free, ache, constipation.

These little pills take and give you in use. 40 is a sale by Hubbard.

BIG 18 are of full stock of ever line. They offer not shelf wares, first-class goods at prices that neighbors. See, stock.

Oct 11-dwtf

FURNITURE, Price Only—All figures, never do.

BLACK CASHMERE, Black Suits, value, at 16 New York.

Oct 10-dwtf

HADDOLE HORN, New York harbor, Ryans', upper Sept. 6-dtf

LIST

